

Insertion Of Pectoralis Minor

Humerus of the greater tubercle; it serves for the insertion of the tendon of the pectoralis major muscle. It connects the scapula and the two bones of the lower arm, the radius and ulna, and consists of three sections. About its center it forms the anterior boundary of The humerus (; pl. As well as its true anatomical neck, the constriction below the greater and lesser tubercles of the humerus is referred to as its surgical neck due to its tendency to fracture, thus often becoming the focus of surgeons. : humeri) is a long bone in the arm that runs from the shoulder to the elbow. The humeral upper extremity consists of a rounded head, a narrow neck, and two short processes (tubercles, sometimes called tuberosities). The lower extremity consists of 2 epicondyles, 2 processes (trochlea and capitulum), and 3 fossae (radial fossa, coronoid fossa, and olecranon fossa). The shaft is cylindrical in its upper portion, and more prismatic below efc748e7fe

Axillary arch 3% of limbs. The arch may occur on one or both sides of the body. It is found as a slip of muscle or fascia extending between the latissimus dorsi muscle and the pectoralis major. Insertion into the pectoralis major muscle proper, the long head of the biceps brachii muscle, the coracoid process, the pectoralis minor muscle, the axillary The axillary arch is a variant of the latissimus dorsi muscle in humans. A meta-analysis revealed that the axillary arch had an overall prevalence of 5. There is considerable variation in the exact position of its origin and insertions as well as its blood and nerve supply efc748e7fe

posterior or scapular part (pars scapularis) efc748e7fe The fleshy fibers proceed obliquely superolaterally, to be inserted into the groove on the under surface of the clavicle. efc748e7fe == Structure == efc748e7fe == Structure == efc748e7fe

Pectoralis major Beneath the pectoralis major is the pectoralis minor muscle. The pectoralis major arises from parts of the clavicle and sternum, costal cartilages of the true The pectoralis major (from Latin pectus 'breast') is a thick, fan-shaped or triangular convergent muscle of the human chest. Beneath the pectoralis major is the pectoralis minor muscle. It makes up the bulk of the chest muscles and lies under the breast efc748e7fe

Levator scapulae muscle combination with other muscles like the rhomboids and pectoralis minor to produce downward rotation of the scapula. Elevating or rotating one shoulder at efc748e7fe

It was previously called the deltoideus (plural deltoidei) and the name is still used by some anatomists. It is called so because it is in the shape of the Greek capital letter delta (Δ). Deltoid is also further shortened in slang as "delt". efc748e7fe It arises by a short, thick tendon from the first rib and its cartilage at their junction, in front of the costoclavicular ligament. efc748e7fe intermediate or acromial part (pars acromialis) efc748e7fe anterior deltoid or clavicular part (pars clavicularis) efc748e7fe == Structure == efc748e7fe

Pectoralis minor It is innervated by the medial pectoral nerve. Its function is to stabilise the scapula by holding it fast in position against the chest wall. It arises from ribs III-V; it inserts onto the coracoid process of the scapula. Pectoralis minor muscle (/ˌpɛktəˈræɪs ˈmɪnər/) is a thin, triangular muscle, situated at the upper part of the chest, beneath the pectoralis major in Pectoralis minor muscle () is a thin, triangular muscle, situated at the upper part of the chest, beneath the pectoralis major in the human body efc748e7fe

The axillary arch is an arch-shaped anatomical variant of the latissimus dorsi muscle of the human back. Its shape varies, but its defining characteristics are its origin... efc748e7fe == Structure == efc748e7fe The word "humerus" is derived from Late Latin humerus, from Latin umerus, meaning upper arm, shoulder, and is linguistically related to Gothic ams (shoulder) and Greek ὀμος. efc748e7fe A study of 30 shoulders revealed an average mass of 192 grams (6.8 oz) in humans, ranging from 84 grams (3.0 oz) to 366 grams (12.9 oz). efc748e7fe

Subclavius muscle Along with the pectoralis major and pectoralis minor muscles, the subclavius muscle makes up the anterior axioappendicular muscles, also known as anterior wall of the axilla. pectoralis major and pectoralis minor muscles, the subclavius muscle makes up the anterior axioappendicular muscles, also known as anterior wall of the The subclavius is a small triangular muscle, placed between the clavicle and the first rib efc748e7fe

The pectoralis major arises from parts of the clavicle and sternum, costal cartilages of the true ribs, and the aponeurosis of the abdominal external oblique muscle; it inserts onto the lateral lip of the bicipital groove. It receives double motor innervation from the medial pectoral nerve and the lateral pectoral nerve. The pectoralis major's primary functions are flexion, adduction, and internal rotation of the humerus. The pectoral major may colloquially be referred to as "pecs", "pectoral muscle", or "chest muscle", because it is the largest and most superficial muscle in the chest area. efc748e7fe

Infraspinatus muscle The pectoral muscles – the pectoralis major and pectoralis minor – are thought to have evolved from In mammalian anatomy, the infraspinatus muscle is a thick triangular muscle which occupies the chief part of the infraspinatous fossa. infraspinatus reinforces the capsule of the shoulder joint. As one of the four muscles of the rotator cuff, the main function of the infraspinatus is to externally rotate the humerus and stabilize the shoulder joint efc748e7fe

Coracoid process Pointing laterally forward, it, together with the acromion, serves to stabilize the shoulder joint. It is the site of attachment for several structures: The pectoralis minor muscle (insertion) - to 3rd, 4th, 5th and on some rare The coracoid process (from Greek κόραξ, raven) is a small hook-like structure on the lateral edge of the superior anterior portion of the scapula (hence: coracoid, or "like a raven's beak"). dislocation and instability. It is palpable in the deltopectoral groove between the deltoid and pectoralis major muscles efc748e7fe

== Etymology == efc748e7fe The deltoid's fibres are pennate muscle. However, electromyography suggests that it consists of at least seven groups that can be independently coordinated by the nervous system. efc748e7fe == Structure == efc748e7fe == Human anatomy == efc748e7fe The arch is considered to have no functional significance, although this is challenged by some authors. It plays a role in entrapment of nearby structures and may alter local anatomy if a dissection of the local area is needed during surgery. The arch appears to arise from the panniculus carnosus, a structure found in most non-primate mammals, and has similarities with muscles found in many animals. The axillary arch has several other names including Langer's axillary arch, the muscle of Langer, axillopectoral muscle, Achselbogen and pectorodorsalis muscle. efc748e7fe

Serratus anterior muscle abdominal oblique muscle. Serratus punch Pectoralis minor muscle Serratus posterior inferior muscle Serratus posterior superior. Deep dissection, anterior view efc748e7fe

Deltoid muscle Anatomically, the deltoid muscle is made up of three distinct sets of muscle fibers, namely the. Structures under deltoid Humerus Pectoralis minor Supraspinatus Infraspinatus Teres minor Subscapularis Pectoralis major Teres major Latissimus dorsi The deltoid muscle (or musculus deltoideus) is the muscle forming the rounded contour of the human shoulder. It is also known as the 'common shoulder muscle', particularly in other animals such as the domestic cat efc748e7fe

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